

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

September 23, 1904 1920

under observation, 1; of those previously reported, 0; new cases, 1; number of houses quarantined, 1; number of houses fumigated, 2; persons vaccinated, 1; miles of territory covered, 45.

Transactions on account of yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.—Conditions at Corpus Christi—Malarial fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon MacGregor reports, September 12, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

No new transactions at this point. It has rained all day. There is considerable malarial fever still prevailing, many cases of distinct tertion and appropriate transactions of the still prevailing.

tian and quartan type; a few continued.

The weather has not permitted much sanitary inspection. Mayor Segrest has promised to go over the town with me as soon as the weather permits.

I do not learn of anything new from inquiry of points along the line.

Conditions at Rio Grande City—Inspection at ferry—Measles and continued fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Dashiell reports, September 10, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Transactions for week ended September 9, 1904:

The sanitary inspector, appointed by authority, went to work on the 8th instant, and on this date and the 9th inspected 158 premises and 201 barrels, of which 11 were breeding mosquitoes and were oiled. Seven cisterns were inspected, two of which are properly screened and provided with pumps, while the others were well oiled, as an incentive to the owners to put in pumps and screens.

Twenty-seven persons were inspected at the ferry, all from the immediate vicinity. The travel for the past week was very limited on account of a rise in the river rendering crossing dangerous.

Inspection reveals a new case of measles. I am now investigating two cases of supposed continued fever. These are attended by regular physicians, but are in the hands of an "herb doctor." I find that such cases are always concealed.

Report from San Antonio-Work of sanitary department-Mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Purnell reports, September 15, as follows: Month of August, 1904. Premises inspected, 14,008; barrels screened by city, 42; cisterns filled, 14; wells filled, 9; cesspools filled, 13; sewer connections made, 45; houses fumigated, 24; rooms fumigated, 105; cellars fumigated, 3; wells fumigated, 5; cisterns fumigated, 7.

Mortality report for month of August, 1904.

Brain fever, 1; cancer, 1; croup, 1; enteric fever, 1; diphtheria, 2; malarial fever, 1; malignant pustule, 1; osteo-sarcoma, 1; pulmonary suberculosis, 18; remittent fever, 1; enteric fever, 1; apoplexy, 1; acute mania, 1; convulsions, 1; paralysis, 1; tremulentia (?), 1; tubercular meningitis, 1; tetanus, 1; spinal meningitis, 2; meningitis, 1; bronchitis, 2; laryngitis, 1; edema of lungs, 1; pulmonary hemorrhage, 1; pneumonia, 2; Bright's disease, 2; cancer uterus, 1; cystitis, 1; diabetes, 1; nephritis, 1; pyo-salpinx, 1; endocarditis, 1; paralysis of heart, 1; venous obstruction, 1; puerperal fever, 1; puerperal peritonius, 1; cancer rectum, 1; cholera infantum, 2; cirrhosis of liver, 3;

cancer of omentum, 1; dysentery, 1; peritonitis, 1; trauma of liver and bowels, 1; trismus, 1; premature birth, 3; old age, 6; alcoholism, 1; burns, 2; carbolic-acid poisoning, 1; injury during delivery, 1; gunshot wound, 1; dropsy, 1; dentition, 1; inanition, 3; summer complaint, 1. Total, 90.

Mortality at Nuevo Laredo.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Richard-

son, under date of September 14:

Three weeks ended September 10, 1804. August 29, tetanus, 1; August 30, sudden (cause unknown), 1; September 6, fibro-sarcoma, 1; September 8, senile debility, 1; September 8, cerebral congestion, 1. Total, 5.

From the official records of city.

Summary of work at Laredo and New Laredo.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Richard-

son, under date of September 21, 1904:

During period September 12th to 20th, fumigated Laredo 25 houses containing 97 rooms, inspected 8,253 premises, and oiled 2,351 water containers. Stocked 9 cisterns, 5 wells, and 2 tanks with minnows. Maximum temperature, 96. Rainfall, 3.31 inches. Inspection and fumigation by service discontinued 20th, as authorized by Bureau. New Laredo reports period 11th to 19th 3,148 domiciliary visits, 235 containers emptied, 144 containers oiled, 67 ponds oiled, and 6 premises cleared of rubbish.

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at Nogales, Ariz.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports as follows: Week ended September 10, 1904. Passengers inspected, 184; immigrants inspected, 37; immigrants deported, 7.

Inspection at Eagle Pass, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports as follows:

	Week ended Sept. 10.
Persons inspected Persons held Pullman cars fumigated	5

Bags Pullman linen fumigated, 32.

Inspected on footbridge, 3,619 persons. Returned by State quarantine officer—by train, 11; by bridge, 14.

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports as follows:

Week ended September 10, 1904: Mexican Central passengers inspected, 108; Mexican immigrants inspected, 36; special Pullman passengers and crew inspected, 14; soiled linen imported for laundry work disinfected, 327 pieces.